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NEWS	1	Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
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NEWS	3	Oct 27 New Extraction Code PAX now available in Derwent Files
NEWS	4	Oct 27 SET ABBREVIATIONS and SET PLURALS extended in Derwent World Patents Index files
NEWS	5	Oct 27 Patent Assignee Code Dictionary now available in Derwent Patent Files
NEWS	6	Oct 27 Plasdoc Key Serials Dictionary and Echoing added to Derwent Subscriber Files WPIDS and WPIX
NEWS	7	Nov 29 Derwent announces further increase in updates for DWPI
NEWS	8	Dec 5 French Multi-Disciplinary Database PASCAL Now on STN
NEWS	9	Dec 5 Trademarks on STN - New DEMAS and EUMAS Files
NEWS	10	Dec 15 2001 STN Pricing
NEWS	11	Dec 17 Merged CEABA-VTB for chemical engineering and biotechnology
NEWS	12	Dec 17 Corrosion Abstracts on STN
NEWS	13	Dec 17 SYNTHLINE from Prous Science now available on STN
NEWS	14	Dec 17 The CA Lexicon available in the CAPLUS and CA files
NEWS	15	Jan 05 AIDSLINE is being removed from STN
NEWS	16	Feb 06 Engineering Information Encompass files have new names
NEWS	17	Feb 16 TOXLINE no longer being updated
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:45:31 ON 14 MAR 2001

=> index bioscience

FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
0.15	0.15

INDEX 'ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOPMERC, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, ...' ENTERED AT 16:45:39 ON 14 MAR 2001

59 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view search error messages that display as 0* with SET DETAIL OFF.

=> s cyanidin? (s) (inflamm? or swell? or prostaglandin? or cyclooxygen? or cox?)

```
1  FILE BIOSIS
2  FILE CABA
13 FILES SEARCHED...
5  FILE CAPLUS
1  FILE DDFU
2  FILE DRUGU
1  FILE EMBASE
31 FILES SEARCHED...
1  FILE ESBIOBASE
1  FILE FROSTI
1  FILE FSTA
2  FILE IFIPAT
1  FILE MEDLINE
47 FILES SEARCHED...
1  FILE PASCAL
1  FILE SCISEARCH
2  FILE TOXLINE
2  FILE TOXLIT
6  FILE USPATFULL
3  FILE WPIDS
3  FILE WPINDEX
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18 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 59 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L1 QUE CYANIDIN? (S) (INFLAMM? OR SWELL? OR PROSTAGLANDIN? OR CYCLOOXYGEN? OR COX?)

=> d rank

F1	6	USPATFULL
F2	5	CAPLUS
F3	3	WPIDS
F4	3	WPINDEX
F5	2	CABA
F6	2	DRUGU
F7	2	IFIPAT
F8	2	TOXLINE
F9	2	TOXLIT
F10	1	BIOSIS
F11	1	DDFU
F12	1	EMBASE
F13	1	ESBIOBASE
F14	1	FROSTI
F15	1	FSTA
F16	1	MEDLINE
F17	1	PASCAL
F18	1	SCISEARCH

=> fil f2, f10, f16, f18

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	1.80	1.95

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=> s 11

L2 . 8 L1

=> dup rem 12

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2
 L3 6 DUP REM L2 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 13 1- all

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 6 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 2001:146488 CPLUS
 TI Method for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation using cherry
 bioflavonoids
 IN Nair, Muraleedharan G.; Wang, Haibo; Strasburg, Gale M.; Booren, Alden M.;
 Gray, James I.
 PA Board of Trustees Operating Michigan State Univeristy, USA
 SO U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 317,310.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K007-02
 ICS A61K035-78; A61K035-02; A62D003-00; C07D311-62
 NCL 514886000
 CC 63-4 (Pharmaceuticals)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6194469	B1	20010227	US 1999-337313	19990621
	WO 2000033824	A2	20000615	WO 1999-US29261	19991210
	WO 2000033824	A3	20000810		
	W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
PRAI US 1998-111945			19981211		

US 1999-120178 19990216
US 1999-317310 19990524
US 1999-337313 19990621

AB Claimed is a method for inhibiting ***cyclooxygenase*** or ***prostaglandin*** H synthase and for inhibiting ***inflammation*** with at least one compd. anthocyanin selected from the group consisting of ***cyanidin*** -3-glucosylrutinoside, ***cyanidin*** -3-rutinoside and ***cyanidin*** -3-glucoside isolated from the fruit of a cherry. In particular a mixt. including the anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics is described for this use.

ST cherry anthocyanin bioflavonoid phenol cyclooxygenase inhibition; antiinflammatory cherry anthocyanin bioflavonoid phenol

IT Anti-inflammatory agents
Cherry
Sour cherry
Sweet cherry
(antiinflammatory and cyclooxygenase inhibitory activities of cherry exts.)

IT Anthocyanins
Phenols
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(antiinflammatory and cyclooxygenase inhibitory activities of cherry exts.)

IT Flavonoids
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(bioflavonoids; antiinflammatory and cyclooxygenase inhibitory activities of cherry exts.)

IT 117-39-5, Quercetin 446-72-0, Genistein 480-41-1, Naringenin 485-72-3, Formononetin 486-66-8, Daidzein 491-70-3, Luteolin 491-80-5, Biochanin A 520-18-3, Kaempferol 522-12-3, Quercetin 3-rhamnoside 529-59-9, Genistin 7084-24-4, ***Cyanidin*** -3-glucoside 17650-84-9, Kaempferol3-rutinoside 18719-76-1, ***Cyanidin*** -3-rutinoside 24905-37-1 38784-65-5, ***Cyanidin*** -3-glucosylrutinoside 98755-25-0
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(antiinflammatory and ***cyclooxygenase*** inhibitory activities of cherry exts.)

IT 39391-18-9
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(cyclooxygenase-1; antiinflammatory and cyclooxygenase inhibitory activities of cherry exts.)

RE.CNT 20

RE

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(11) Kinsella; Food Tech 1993, P85 CAPLUS
(12) Kralik, L; DE 1117822 1961
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 (20) Wurm, G; Deutsche Apotheker Zeitung 1982, V122, P2062 CAPLUS

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
 AN 2000:401636 CAPLUS
 DN 133:26836
 TI Method for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation using cherry bioflavonoids
 IN Nair, Muraleedharan G.; Wang, Haibo; Strasburg, Gale M.; Booren, Alden M.; Gray, James I.
 PA Michigan State University, USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-00
 CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 17, 63
 FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000033824	A2	20000615	WO 1999-US29261	19991210
	WO 2000033824	A3	20000810		
	W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 6194469	B1	20010227	US 1999-337313	19990621
PRAI	US 1998-111945		19981211		
	US 1999-120178		19990216		
	US 1999-317310		19990524		
	US 1999-337313		19990621		
AB	A method for inhibiting cyclooxygenase (COX) enzymes and inflammation in a mammal using a cherry or cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids, and phenolics is described. Among the flavonoids tested, kaempferol showed the highest COX-1 inhibitory activity with an IC50 value of 180. μ M, followed by luteolin, quercetin, naringenin and quercetin 3-rhamnoside. Genistein showed the highest COX-1 inhibitory activity among the isoflavonoids tested with an IC50 value of 80. μ M. The structure-activity relationships of flavonoids and isoflavonoids revealed that hydroxyl groups at C4', C5, and C7 in isoflavonoids were essential for appreciable COX-1 inhibitory activity. Also, the C2-C3 double bond in flavonoids is important for COX-1 inhibitory activity. However, hydroxyl group at C3' position decreased the COX-1/COX-2 inhibitory activity by flavonoids.				
ST	anthocyanin bioflavonoid isoflavonoid phenol cherry antiinflammatory; cyclooxygenase inhibitor bioflavonoid cherry antiinflammatory; prostaglandin synthase inhibitor bioflavonoid cherry antiinflammatory				
IT	Flavonoids				
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); FFD (Food or feed use); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (bioflavonoids; cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)				
IT	Food				

(cherry anthocyanins incorporated into food for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents
Cherry
Sour cherry
Sweet cherry
(cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT Anthocyanins
Isoflavonoids
Phenols, biological studies
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); FFD (Food or feed use); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT Structure-activity relationship
(inflammation-inhibiting; cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT 39391-18-9, Cyclooxygenase
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(1 and 2; cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT 39391-18-9, Prostaglandin H synthase
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(1 and 2; cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting cyclooxygenase or prostaglandin synthase and inflammation in humans)

IT 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ascorbic acid for prevention of degrdn. of cherry anthocyanins for inhibiting cyclooxygenase and inflammation in humans)

IT 117-39-5P, Quercetin 446-72-0P, Genistein 480-41-1P, Naringenin 485-72-3P, Formononetin 486-66-8P, Daidzein 491-70-3P, Luteolin 491-80-5P, Biochanin A 520-18-3P, Kaempferol 522-12-3P, Quercetin 3-rhamnoside 528-58-5P, ***Cyanidin*** 529-59-9P, Genistin 604-80-8P 6803-09-4P 7084-24-4P 17650-84-9P, Kaempferol 3-rutinoside 18719-76-1P 38784-65-5P 98755-25-0P 195824-08-9P 219648-00-7P 219648-01-8P 274258-19-4P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); FFD (Food or feed use); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(cherry anthocyanins, bioflavonoids and phenolics for inhibiting ***cyclooxygenase*** and ***inflammation*** in humans)

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS DUPLICATE 1
AN 1999:59404 CAPLUS
DN 130:261683
TI Antioxidant and Antiinflammatory Activities of Anthocyanins and Their Aglycon, Cyanidin, from Tart Cherries
AU Wang, Haibo; Nair, Muraleedharan G.; Strasburg, Gale M.; Chang, Yu-Chen; Booren, Alden M.; Gray, J. Ian; DeWitt, David L.
CS Bioactive Natural Products Laboratory Department of Horticulture and National Food Safety and Toxicology Center Food Science and Human Nutrition and Department of Biochemistry, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, 48824, USA
SO J. Nat. Prod. (1999), 62(2), 294-296
CODEN: JNPRDF; ISSN: 0163-3864
PB American Chemical Society
DT Journal

LA English
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)
 AB The anthocyanins (1-3) and cyanidin isolated from tart cherries exhibited in vitro antioxidant and antiinflammatory activities comparable to com. products. The inhibition of lipid peroxidn. of anthocyanins 1-3 and their aglycon, cyanidin, were 39, 70, 75, and 57%, resp., at 2-mM concns. The antioxidant activities of 1-3 and cyanidin were comparable to the antioxidant activities of tert-butylhydroquinone and butylated hydroxytoluene and superior to vitamin E at 2-mM concns. In the antiinflammatory assay, ***cyanidin*** gave IC50 values of 90 and 60 mM, resp., for ***prostaglandin*** H endoperoxide synthase-1 and ***prostaglandin*** H endoperoxide synthase-2 enzymes.
 ST cherry anthocyanin cyanidin antioxidant antiinflammatory
 IT Anti-inflammatory drugs
 Antioxidants (pharmaceutical)
 Cherry
 (antioxidant and antiinflammatory activities of anthocyanins from tart cherries)
 IT 528-58-5, Cyanidin 7084-24-4 18719-76-1 34443-62-4
 RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (antioxidant and antiinflammatory activities of anthocyanins from tart cherries)

RE.CNT 11

RE

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- (2) Costantino, L; Planta Med 1992, V58, P342 CAPLUS
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- (4) Hamel, P; Cherokee Plants 1975, V28
- (5) Hertog, M; Lancet 1993, V342, P1007 MEDLINE
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- (7) Satue-Gracia, M; J Agric Food Chem 1997, V45, P3362 CAPLUS
- (8) Sies, H; Exp Physiol 1997, V82, P291 CAPLUS
- (9) Tamura, H; J Agric Food Chem 1994, V42, P1612 CAPLUS
- (10) Tanaka, T; Carcinogenesis 1993, V14, P1321 CAPLUS
- (11) Tsuda, T; J Agric Food Chem 1994, V42, P248 CAPLUS

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS

AN 1998:169469 CAPLUS

DN 128:226264

TI Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compositions, and therapeutic and diagnostic uses

IN Van De Winkel, Jan G. J.

PA Medarex, Inc., USA; Van De Winkel, Jan G. J.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K039-00

CC 1-12 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 9, 15, 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9809647	A2	19980312	WO 1997-US15426	19970902
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,			

GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9741763	A1 19980326	AU 1997-41763	19970902
AU 721792	B2 20000713		
EP 929300	A2 19990721	EP 1997-939744	19970902
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO		
JP 2000516253	T2 20001205	JP 1998-512807	19970902
US 6146837	A 20001114	US 1998-197683	19981123
PRAI	US 1996-709411	19960906	
	WO 1997-US15426	19970902	
AB	Compns. comprising cyanidin reagents for binding to Fc.gamma.RI receptors are provided, as are methods and kits for therapeutic and diagnostic use.		
ST	FcgammaRI receptor cyanidin compn therapeutic diagnosis		
IT	Acute promyelocytic leukemia		
	Antibacterial agents		
	Antitumor agents		
	Antiviral agents		
	Autoimmune diseases		
	Blood analysis		
	Diagnosis		
	Drug delivery systems		
	Drug screening		
	Dyes		
	Epitopes		
	Flow cytometry		
	Fluorescence microscopy		
	Fluorescent stains		
	Fungicides		
	Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura		
	Infection		
	Inflammation		
	Leukemia		
	Leukemia inhibitors		
	Monocyte		
	Myeloid leukemia		
	Myeloid leukemia inhibitors		
	Neutrophil		
	Protozoacides		
	Radiotherapy		
	Therapy		
	Vaccines		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding ***cyanidin*** compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)		
IT	Interferon .gamma.		
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)		
IT	Fc.gamma.RI receptors		
	RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)		
IT	Interferons		
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)		
IT	Interleukin 10		
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)		
IT	Interleukins		
	RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)		
	(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and		

IT diagnostic uses)
Phycoerythrins
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Radionuclides
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Phycoerythrins
RL: BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(R-phycoerythrins, CY5-; Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Leukemia inhibitors
(acute promyelocytic leukemia inhibitors; Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Leukocyte diseases
(adhesion deficiency; Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Agropyron
Agrostis
Agrostis. alba
Alder (Alnus)
Alder (Alnus glutinosa)
Alternaria
Alternaria alternata
Anthoxanthum
Anthoxanthum odoratum
Arrhenatherum
Arrhenatherum elatius
Artemisia
Artemisia vulgaris
Birch (Betula)
Birch (Betula pendula)
Blattella
Blattella germanica
Bromus
Bromus inermis
Canis
Cat (Felis catus)
Chamaecyparis
Chamaecyparis obtusa
Cryptomeria
Cryptomeria japonica
Cypress (Cupressus)
Cypress (Cupressus arizonica)
Cypress (Cupressus macrocarpa)
Cypress (Cupressus sempervirens)
Dermatophagoïdes
Dermatophagoïdes farinae
Dog (Canis familiaris)
Elytrigia repens
Felis
Fescue (Festuca)
Fescue (Festuca elatior)
Holcus
Holcus lanatus
Honeybee
Johnson grass (Sorghum halepense)
Juniper (Juniperus)
Juniper (Juniperus ashei)
Juniper (Juniperus communis)

Juniper (*Juniperus sabinaoides*)
Juniper (*Juniperus virginiana*)
Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*)
Lolium
Lolium multiflorum
Lolium perenne
Oak (*Quercus*)
Oak (*Quercus alba*)
Oat
Olea
Olive
Orchard grass
Parietaria
Parietaria judaica
Parietaria officinalis
Paspalum
Paspalum notatum
Periplaneta
Periplaneta americana
Phalaris
Phalaris arundinacea
Phleum
Plantago
Plantago lanceolata
Platycladus orientalis
Poa
Poa compressa
Ragweed (*Ambrosia*)
Ragweed (*Ambrosia artemisiifolia*)
Rye
Sorghum
Thuja
Timothy (*Phleum pratense*)
Wheat
(allergen, epitope; Fc. γ .RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and
therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Bacteria (Eubacteria)
Clostridium tetani
Fungi
Gram-positive bacteria (Firmicutes)
Human immunodeficiency virus
Pathogenic microorganism
Protozoa
Retroviridae
Staphylococcus aureus
Virus
(epitope; Fc. γ .RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and
therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Allergens
Tumor-associated antigen
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(epitope; Fc. γ .RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and
therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Blood
Bone marrow
(ex vivo treatment; Fc. γ .RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and
therapeutic and diagnostic uses)
IT Carcinoembryonic antigen
Epidermal growth factor receptors
Tumor-associated glycoprotein 72
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(family; Fc. γ .RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic
and diagnostic uses)

IT Acute promyelocytic leukemia
(inhibitors; Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

IT Monoclonal antibody conjugates
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(with PE-Cy5; Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

IT 144377-05-9D, Phycoerthrin-, monoclonal antibody conjugates
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

IT 143011-72-7, G-CSF
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

IT 144377-05-9
RL: BPR (Biological process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

IT 528-58-5D, Cyanidin, derivs. 2321-07-5, Fluorescein 62683-29-8, Colony-stimulating factor
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(Fc.gamma.RI receptor-binding cyanidin compns., and therapeutic and diagnostic uses)

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS
AN 1989:127910 CAPLUS

DN 110:127910

TI Effect of benzopyranone derivatives on dithranol-induced ear edema in mice

AU Razga, Zsolt; Gabor, Miklos

CS SZOTE Gyogyszerhatalastani Intez., Budapest, Hung.

SO Kiserl. Orvostud. (1988), 40(6), 464-71

CODEN: KIORAH; ISSN: 0023-1878

DT Journal

LA Hungarian

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)

AB The size of the dithranol-induced ear edema, in mice, was decreased by i.p. pretreatment (30 min prior to dithranol administration) of 5-100 mg/kg luteolin, diosmin, galangin, fisetin, myricetin, sophoricoside, genisteine, or hesperidin methylchalcone, 0.5-10 mg/kg pelargonidin, delphinidin, or cyanidin, 2.5-5.0 mg/kg cyproheptadine, and 10-25 mg/kg dimethindene maleate. Also active was the std. anti-inflammatory drug indomethacin (2.5-5.0 mg/kg). The dithranol-induced edema is a new model for the study of anti-inflammatory drugs.

ST benzopyrone deriv ear edema dithranol; inflammation inhibitor benzopyrone deriv

IT Inflammation inhibitors
(benzopyranones as, dithranol ear edema model for evaluation of)

IT Ear
(disease, edema, from dithranol, as model for evaluation of inflammation inhibitors)

IT Procyanidins

RL: PRP (Properties)
(polymers, anti-inflammatory effect of, in dithranol ear edema model)
IT 53-86-1, Indomethacin 129-03-3, Cyproheptadine 134-04-3, Pelargonidin 152-95-4, Sophoricoside 446-95-7, Genisteine 491-38-3D, 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, derivs. 491-70-3, Luteolin 520-27-4, Diosmin

528-48-3, Fisetin 528 50 0, Delphinidin 523-58-5, ***Cyanidin***
529-44-2, Myricetin 548-83-4, Galangin 24292-52-2, Hesperidin
methylchalcone
RL: PRP (Properties)
(anti- ***inflammatory*** effect of, in dithranol ear edema model)
IT 1143-38-0, Dithranol
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(ear edema from, as model for evaluation of anti-inflammatory drugs)

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 6 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2001 BIOSIS
AN 1982:225382 BIOSIS
DN BA73:85366
TI TANNINS AND RELATED COMPOUNDS 1. RHUBARB.
AU NONAKA G-I; NISHIOKA I; NAGASAWA T; OURA H
CS FACULTY OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, KYUSHU UNIV., 3-1-1 MAIDASHI,
HIGASHI-KU, FUKUOKA, 812, JAPAN.
SO CHEM PHARM BULL (TOKYO), (1981) 29 (10), 2862-2870.
CODEN: CPBTAL. ISSN: 0009-2363.
FS BA; OLD
LA English
AB Three new tannin-related compounds (I, II and III), along with lindleyin (IV), (+)-catechin, 3-O-galloyl-(-)-epicatechin, gallic acid, 3,5,4'-trihydroxystilbene 4'-O-.beta.-D-(6"-O-galloyl)-glucopyranoside, 3,5,4'-trihydroxystilbene 4'-O-.beta.-D-glucopyranoside and 4-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-2-butanone 4'-O-.beta.-D-glucopyranoside, were isolated from commercial rhubarb (Rhei Rhizoma). On the basis of spectral and chemical evidence, I, II and III were characterized as 3,3'-di-O-galloylprocyanidin B-2, 3-O-galloylprocyanidin B-1 and 1,2,6-tri-O-galloylglucose, respectively. The occurrence of IV in rhubarb is of great significance since IV has been reported to have analgesic and anti-inflammatory activities almost equal to those of aspirin and phenylbutanone. Tannins in rhubarb have been partially purified (designated as rhatannin (V)). Thiolysis degradation and enzymatic hydrolysis have shown that V is mainly composed of C4 to C8 linked 3-O-galloyl-(-)-epicatechin units in the extension part (upper part) with either 3-O-galloyl-(-)-epicatechin or (+)-catechin unit in the lower terminal part.
CC Biochemical Studies - General *10060
Biochemical Studies - Carbohydrates *10068
Pharmacology - General 22002
Plant Physiology, Biochemistry and Biophysics - Chemical Constituents *51522
Pharmacognosy and Pharmaceutical Botany *54000
BC Polygonaceae 26605
IT Miscellaneous Descriptors
RHIZOME CONSTITUENTS LINDLEYIN ANALGESIC ANTI ***INFLAMMATORY***
PROPERTIES GALLOYL PRO ***CYANIDINS*** 1 2 6 TRI-O GALLOYL GLUCOSE
RN 59282-56-3 (LINDLEYIN)

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---Logging off of STN---

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Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL

FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY 27.01	SESSION 28.96
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-2.94	-2.94

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:51:48 ON 14 MAR 2001